

Tools required for a safe and smooth installation:

Proper Jack & Jack Stands, Tube Wrenches, Standard Socket Set, Standard Wrench Set, Torque Wrench, Lug Wrench, Pliers, Mallet, Brake Fluid, Brake Cleaner, Wheel Bearing Grease.

Drum Brake Removal:

1. Safely raise the vehicle off the ground until the wheels are clear and spin freely. Support the vehicle using the appropriate Jack Stands and remove the front wheels.
2. Starting at the front wheel hub, remove the grease cap, cotter pin, lock nut and flat washer from the spindle as well as the outer bearing.
3. You should now be able to slide the hub/drum assembly off the spindle. If you have trouble removing this assembly you may need to retract the brake shoes by inserting a flathead screwdriver into the adjustment slot in the drum brake backing plate. Use the screwdriver to disengage the adjusting lever from the adjusting screw. You should now be able to turn the adjusting screw to retract the brake shoes.
4. Before you remove the drum brake backing plate you will want to remove all brake fluid from your brake system. ***Be very careful not spill any brake fluid on any painted surfaces as it will damage your paint.*** To remove the brake fluid from your system first remove the lid from your master cylinder. Next place one end of a clear hose on the bleeder of your wheel cylinder and the other into a suitable container. Finally open the bleeder screw until all fluid has been removed from your system
5. Disconnect the hard brake line from your flexible hose at the frame rail. It is recommended you use a tube wrench as to not damage the brake line fittings. If your fittings look rusty spray them with penetrating oil and let them soak for easy removal.
6. Remove the horseshoe clip from the brake hose at the frame mount.
7. Remove the drum brake backing plate assembly by removing the 4 retaining bolts and nuts attaching it to your spindle. Again the use of penetrating oil is recommended on any rusty hardware for easy removal.

Inspection:

Once you have removed all drum brake components from your spindles it is recommended that you clean your spindles bearing surfaces. Check for any debris or signs of damage to the spindle. Any light damage caused by rust can usually be cleaned up with an emery cloth.

At this point you should also test install your new bearings onto the spindle to ensure proper fitment without interference. Photo 3

Brake Kit Installation:

1. The calipers will be installed on the front side of the spindle. Install **Caliper mounting brackets** so that the caliper mounting bosses face the inside of the vehicle and are orientated towards the front of the car. **Photo 1**
2. The splash shields will be installed on top of the mounting brackets. Install the **splash shield** so that the opening for the caliper faces the front of the car and the splash shield is recessed to the inside of the car. **Photo 2**
3. Attached the splash shield and caliper mounting bracket using the **3/8" bolts & locknuts** supplied in the kit. You will use 3 of the shorter bolts and 1 long bolt on either side of the car. The longer bolt will be use in the hole that passes thru the steering arm. The 3 shorter bolts will be installed in the remaining holes. Install the bolts so that the locknuts are installed towards the inside of the vehicle. Once you have secured the bolts with the locknuts, torque to 35-45 ft. lbs.
4. Next you will need to properly pack the **inner and outer bearings** with grease prior to installation.
5. Remove the protective coating from your **rotors** on both the braking surface and bearing race surfaces using a brake cleaner available at your local parts store.
6. Install the greased **inner bearing** into the inner race of the **rotor**. **Photo 4**
7. Lightly pack grease into the inner lip of the **grease seal**. Next install the **grease seal** into the inner portion of the **rotor** using a soft mallet or piece of wood. This will prevent any damage from occurring during installation. **The lip of the seal should face the bearing when installed.** **Photo 5**
8. Slide the **rotor** onto the **spindle** and install the greased **outer bearing, slotted washer** and **adjusting nut**. **Photo 6 and 7**
 - a. **Proper adjustment of the bearings is VERY IMPORTANT.** Rotate the rotor while tightening the spindle nut to 18-24 ft lbs. Next back off the adjustment nut about 1/2 turn and retighten to 10-15 ft lbs while aligning the retaining slots with the cotter pin hole in the spindle.
 - b. Install **cotter pin**, bend cotter pin so that each side is bent in the opposite direction of the other.
 - c. Install the **grease cap**. **Photo 8**
 - d. Spin the rotor to insure there is no interference with the grease cap and retaining assembly.
9. **Calipers** should arrive preloaded, if they are not you must install the brake pads so that the friction material is facing each other. Next install the metal retaining clips using the 1/4" bolts and lock washers supplied. Torque to 7-11 ft lbs. **Photo 9**
10. Install the **calipers** with the bleeder facing up. Use the **7/16-14 x 1-5/8" shoulder bolts** provided. Torque to 45-60 ft. lbs. If the caliper interferes with the splash shield minor trimming of the splash shield may be required, see page 5 for reference. **Photo 10 and 11**
11. Once the calipers are installed spin the rotors to insure there is no interference between the caliper and the rotor.
12. Install the **flex hose** to the **caliper** using (1) **copper washer** between the hose fitting and the caliper. **Photo 12**
13. Install the other end of the flex hose to the frame bracket and retain it using the **horseshoe clip** provided. Reconnect the original hard line and tighten using a tube wrench.

14. Turn the wheels thru a complete left and right turn to insure there is no interference with the new brake system and any suspension or body components. Also check the rubber hoses during this operation to insure the hoses are not binding or twisting. If your rubber hoses bind during a turn you could experience loss of braking while driving. If it looks like they are binding remove the horseshoe clip and reposition the brake hose until it no longer binds.
15. If needed install the **brass brake line adapters** provided into the rubber hose and connect your factory hard brake line. Not all cars will need these adapters, if your car is equipped with a 3/8-24 fitting on your hard line you can install your hard line directly to the brake hose.

Install your wheels, and spin them to insure they still spin freely making sure the caliper doesn't interfere with the wheel and your brakes are not dragging or locked up.

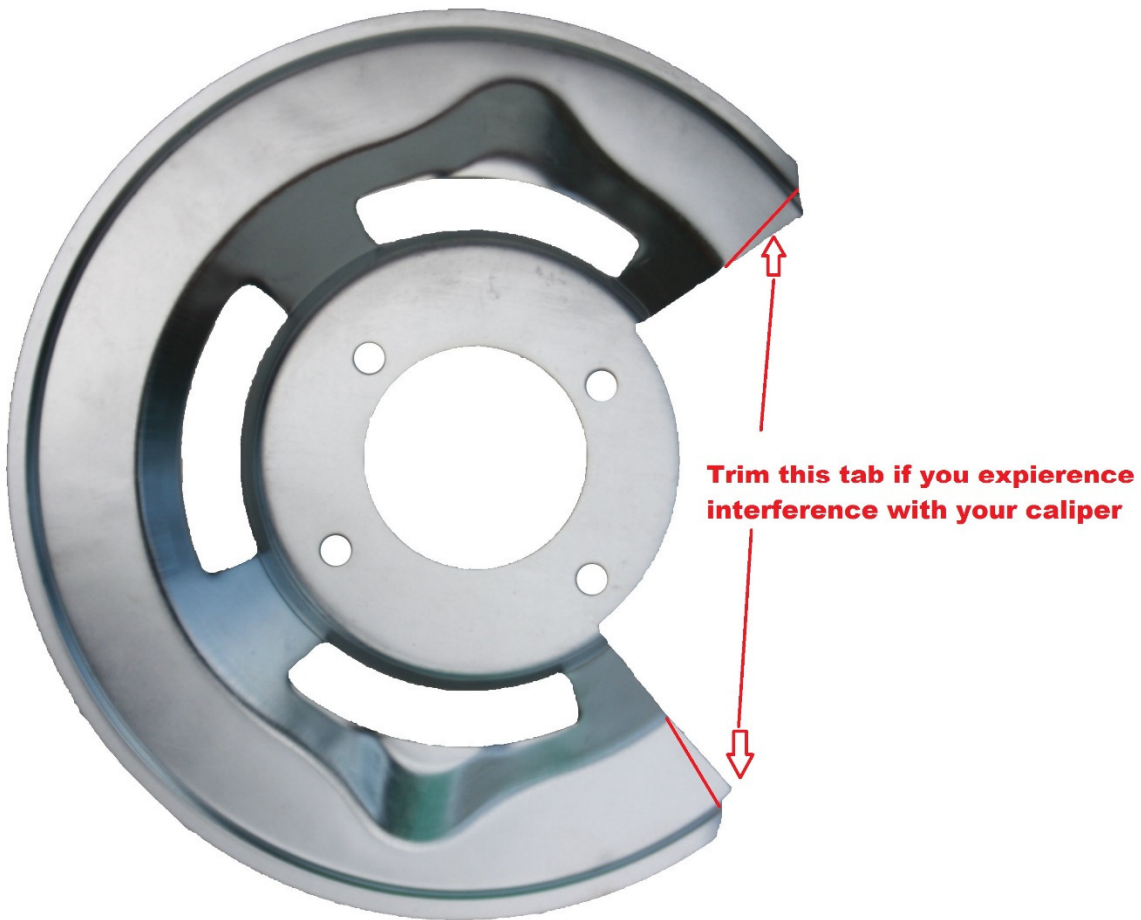
That completes the installation of your brake kit at the spindles. If you purchased a kit containing power or manual actuation, please refer to the separate instructions provided with those components.

If you have any questions please call our tech line at (716) 852-2139

Thank you for purchasing from Leed Brakes we hope you have had an enjoyable experience.

Splash Shield Interference Reference Guide

From time to time we experience an interference issue between the caliper and the splash shield. It is understood that this was an issue on the assembly line with the factory disc brake cars as well. If you do experience interference with your caliper and splash shield please modify the splash shield as outlined below.





Installation Photos

Disc Brake Conversion Kit

Applications: 67-73 Mustang, 67-69 Falcon, 67-69 Fairlane, Ranchero, Comet, Cyclone, 67-73 Cougar, 68-71 Torino, Montego



← Front of car

Photo 1

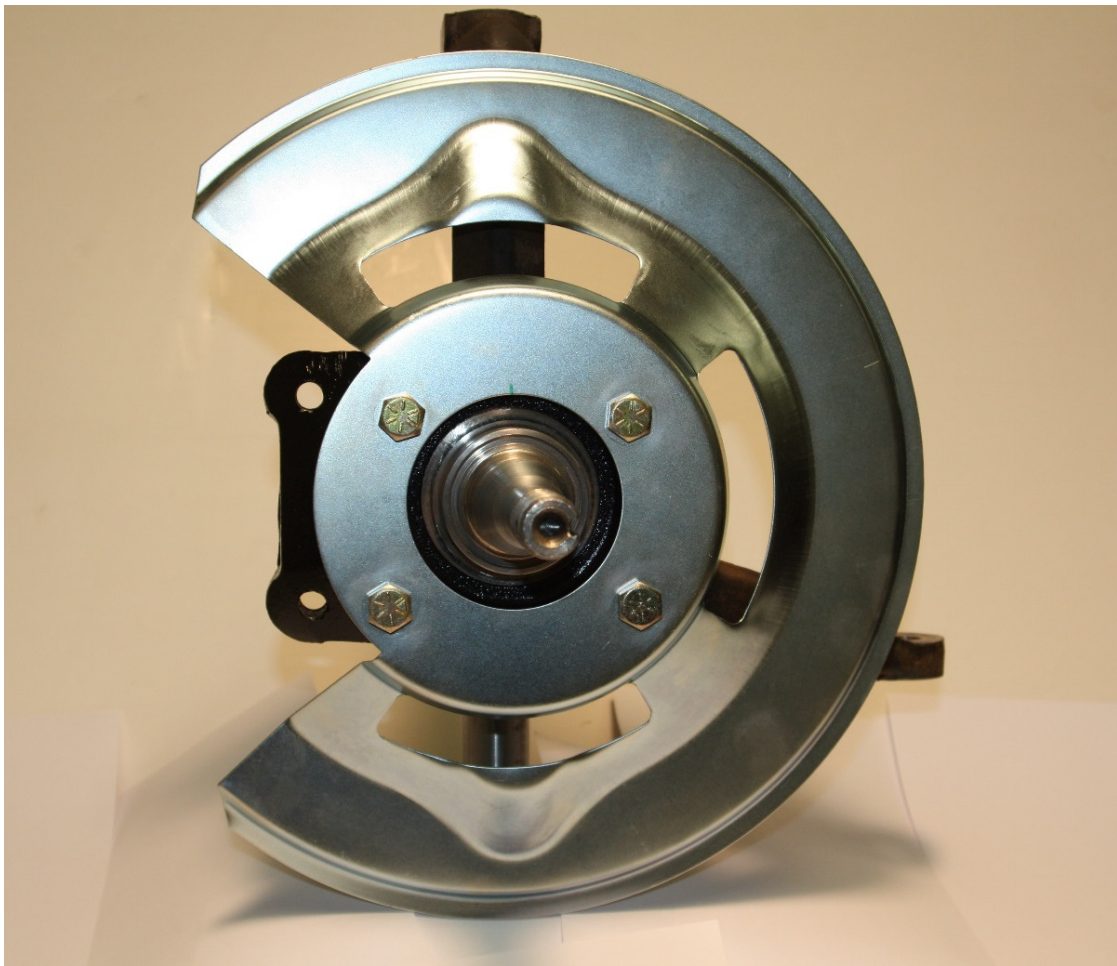


Photo 2

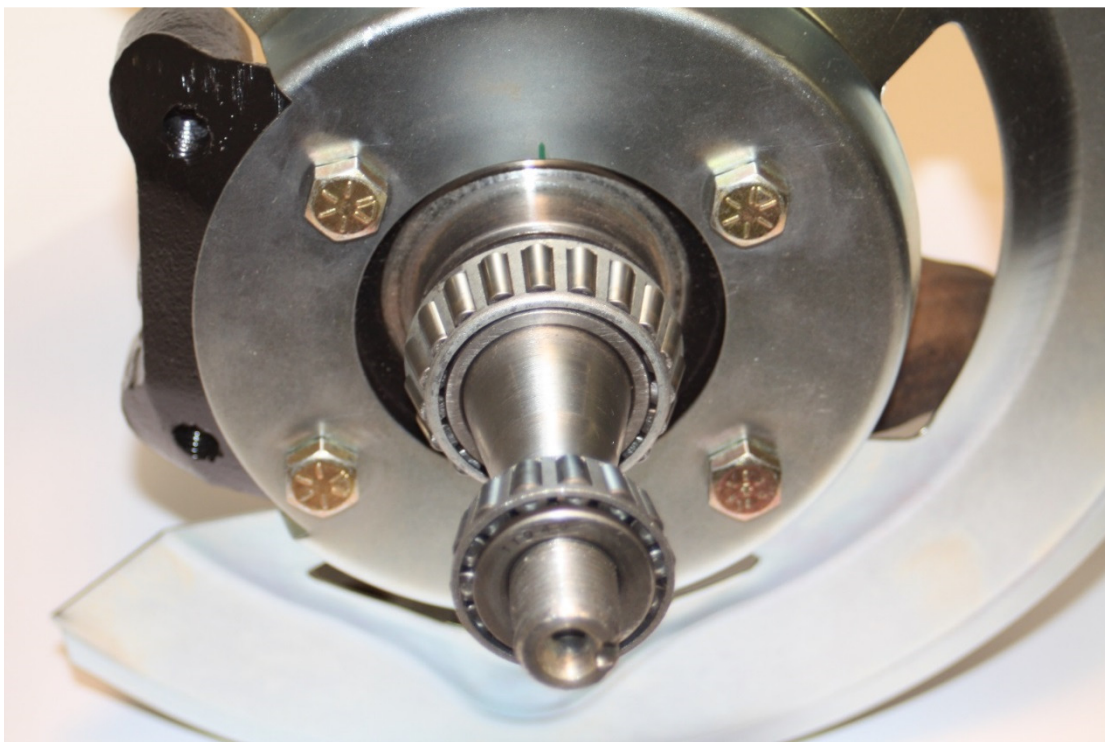


Photo 3



Photo 4

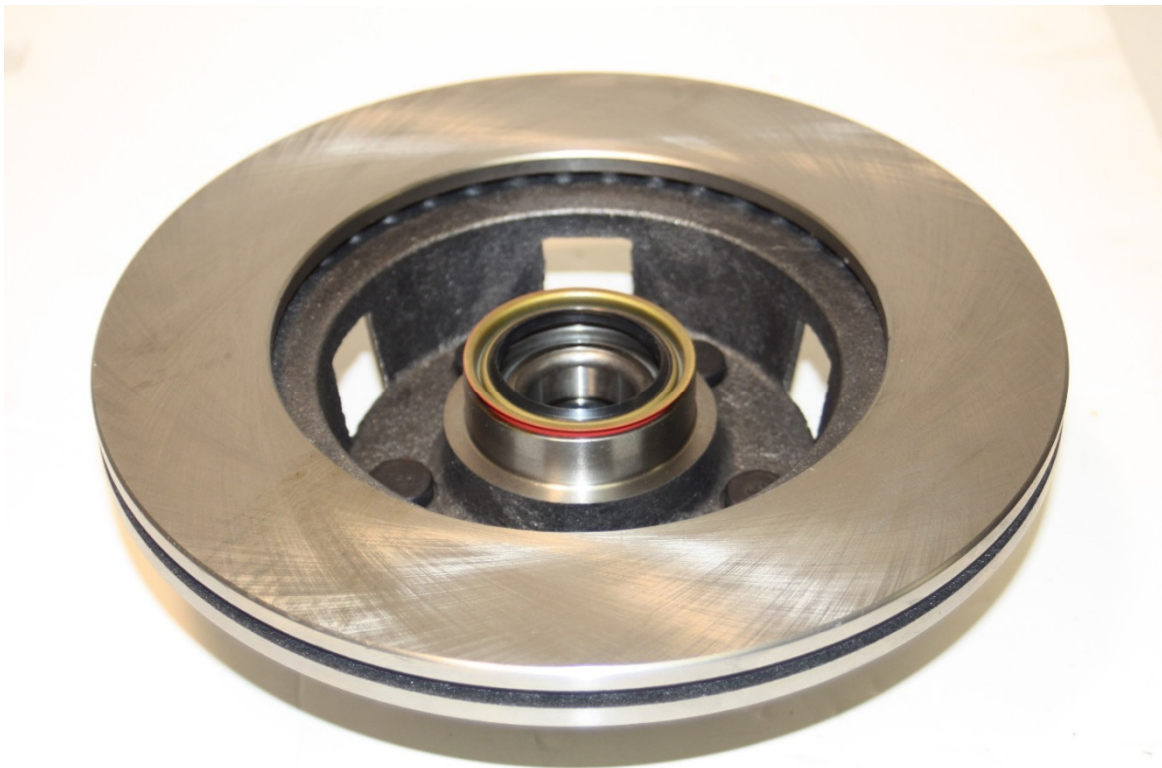


Photo 5



Photo 6



Photo 7



Photo 8

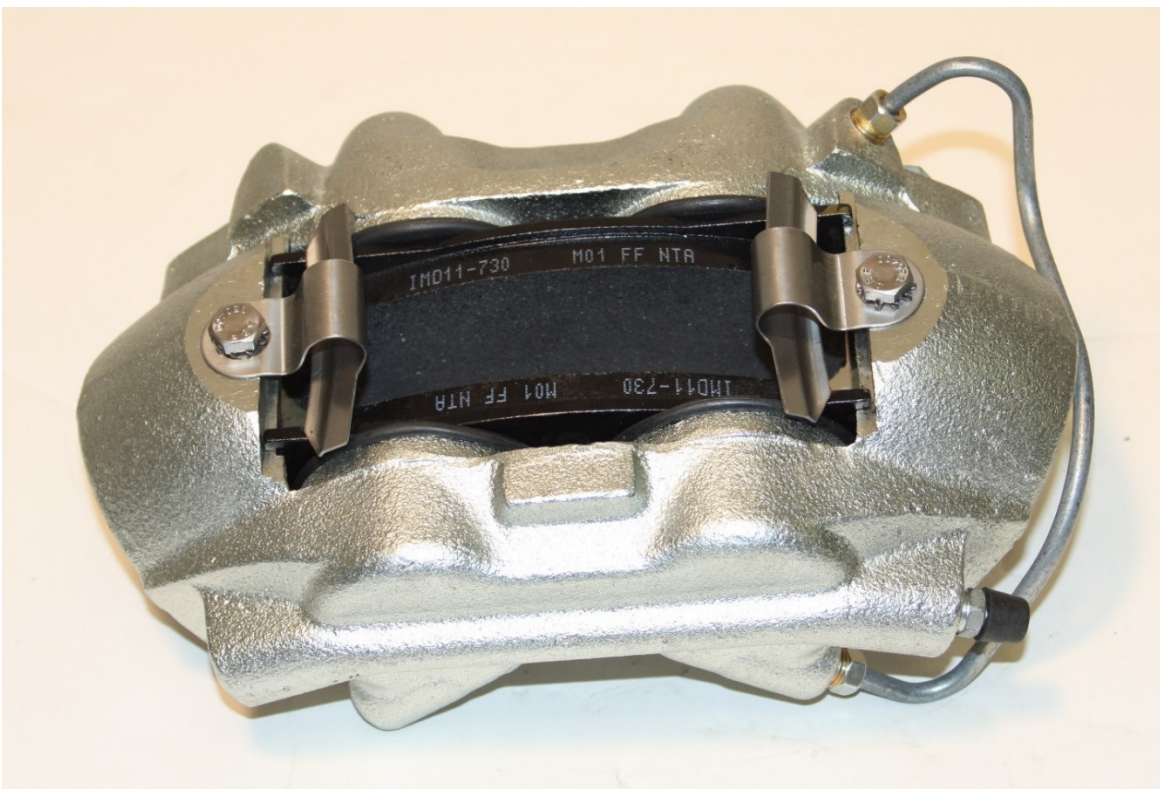
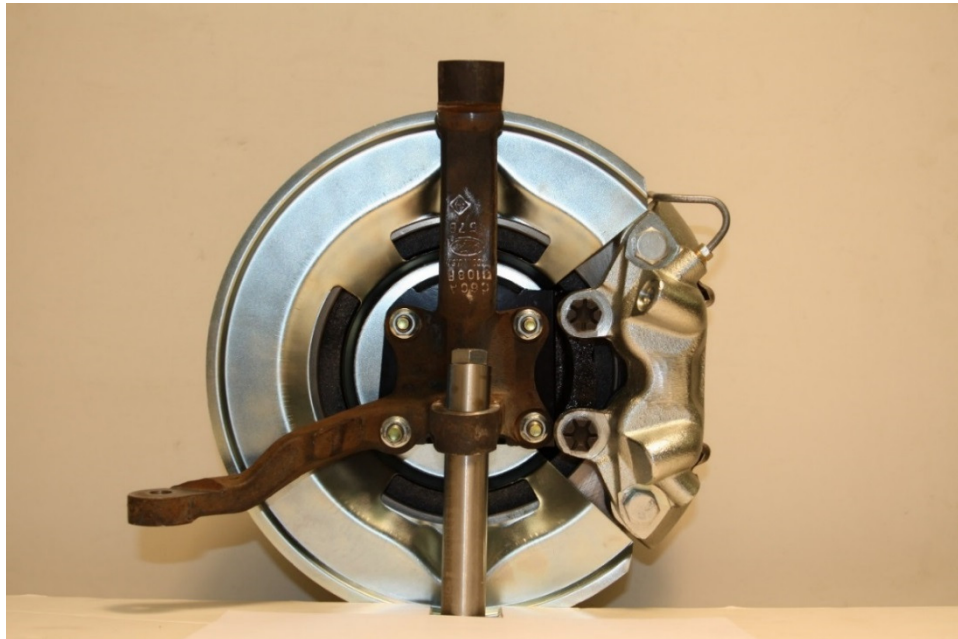


Photo 9



← Front of car

Photo 10



Front of Car →

Photo 11

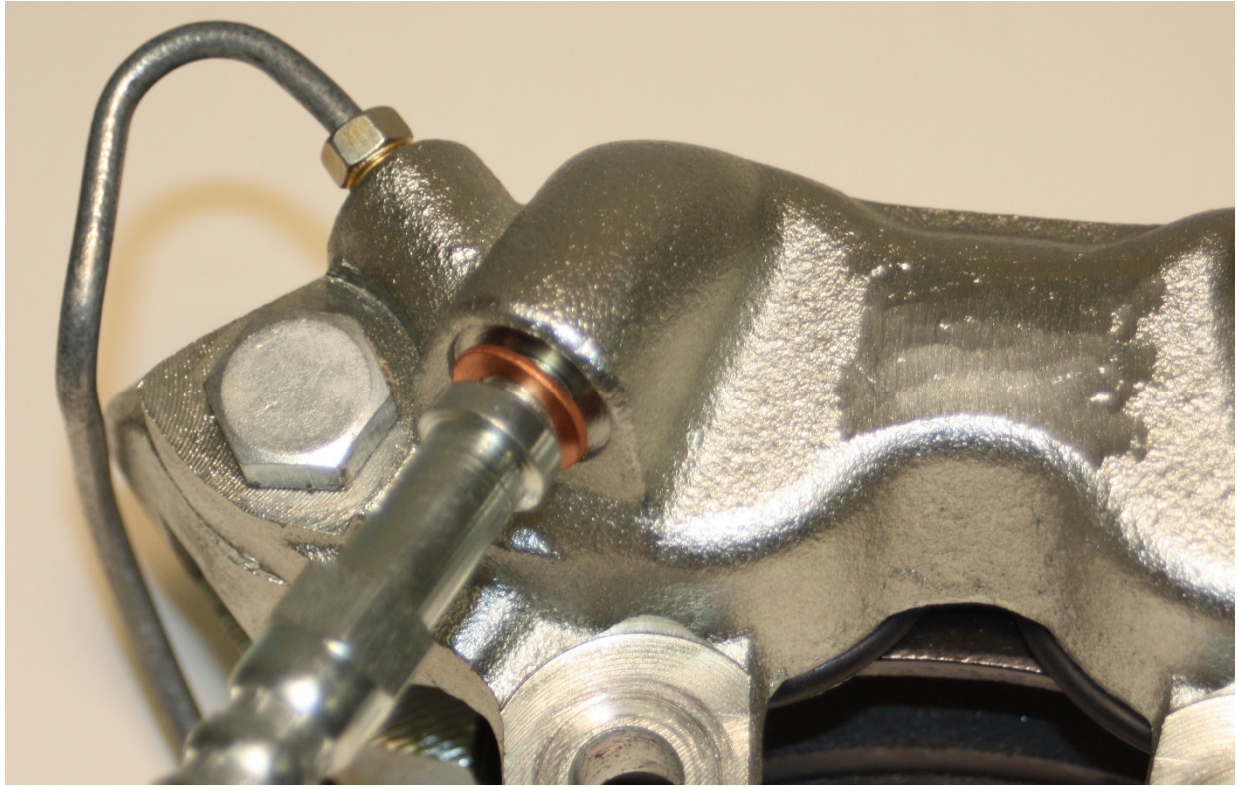


Photo 12